

AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title	Pharmacology								
Course Code	İAY108		Couse Leve	I	Short Cycle (Associate's Degree)				
ECTS Credit 2	Workload	50 (Hours)	Theory	Theory 2		0	Laboratory	0	
Objectives of the Course Students, cardiovascular system, nervous system and be able to apply the kind of effective drug body systems.								gs to other	
Course Content	okinetics: Dru dynamics in deness among practice; The mptoms; Effe dicine as card Respiratory sy nmatory drug ergency media nAlArIndAki p	g absorp lrug thera students autonom ctive emo diotonic g stem dru s and giv cine prac pisoning;	tion, distribution, apy tissue provide about drug side ic nervous syste ergency cardiovaglycosides; Fluidgs and to teach e an idea about tices in place that Endocrine drugs	metabolismes mechanic effects, and meand teace ascular systelectrolyte the principle the treatment affect the send diabe	to the pharmaceut n and excretion tea isms through which d to reinforce the ph medicine in treatem, antianginal, and blood product es of oxygen theratent of pain medicat central nervous systic coma in such com students about	ach about h to teach; crinciples tment, to as, to tell apy; ions; ystem and asses, to			
Work Placement	N/A								
Planned Learning Activities	Explanation (Presentation), Discussion								
Name of Lecturer(s)	Lec. Nimet KIL	IÇ							

Assessment Methods and Criteria									
Method		Quantity	Percentage (%)						
Midterm Examination		1	40						
Final Examination		1	60						

Reco	mmended or Required Reading
1	Rasyonel Tedavi Yönünden Tıbbi Farmakoloji, Ed. Oğuz Kayaalp, Pelikan Yayıncılık, Ankara, 2009
2	Farmakoloji, Hemşirelik ön lisans eğitimi, Ed. Melih Erdoğan, Anadolu Üniversitesi Açık Öğretim Fakültesi Yayınları, Eskişehir, 1996.
3	Essentials of ClinicalPharmacology in Nursing, Bradley R Williams, Charold L Baer. Springhousecorporation, Pennsylvania, 1994
4	Mosby'sParamedikTextbook , Ed.Mick J Sanders, ElsevierMosby, 2007

Week	Weekly Detailed Co	urse Contents
1	Theoretical	General pharmacology: Introduction to pharmacology
2	Theoretical	Drugs: Definition, sources and naming of drugs. Drug doses, structure-effect relationship in drugs
3	Theoretical	Pharmacokinetics: ways of using drugs and absorption, distribution of drugs
4	Theoretical	Pharmacokinetics: Changes in the body of drugs, withdrawal of medications, absorption or transmission kinetics
5	Theoretical	Drug effects: Drug effects, dose-intensity and drug interaction, drug interaction
6	Theoretical	Effects of medicines: Factors that alter the effect of medicines, abuse resistance and addiction, unwanted effects of medicines
7	Theoretical	Drug form and preparation techniques: Pharmaceutical processes, measurement and weighing, solid and semi-solid drug forms
8	Theoretical	Drug form and preparation techniques: Pharmaceutical processes, measurement and weighing, solid and semi-solid drug forms
9	Theoretical	Drug formulations and preparation techniques: Liquid drug forms, controlled release dosage forms
10	Theoretical	Central nervous system drugs: Psychotropic drugs; neuroleptic and tranquilizing drugs
11	Theoretical	Central nervous system drugs: narcotic pain relievers and antagonists
12	Theoretical	Central nervous system drugs: Non-narcotic pain relievers
13	Theoretical	Chemotherapeutics: Antibiotics; beta-lactams, aminoglycosides, macrolides, tetracyclines
14	Theoretical	Chemotherapeutics: Antibiotics; phenyenols, lincosamides, polypeptides, quinolones, nitrofurans, imidazoles, rifampicins, sulphonamides



Theoretical Chemotherapeutics: Antibiotics; nitrofurans, imidazoles, rifampicins, sulfonamides

Workload Calculation									
Activity	Quantity		Preparation	Duration	Total Workload				
Lecture - Theory	14		0	2	28				
Individual Work	7		0	2	14				
Midterm Examination	1		2	2	4				
Final Examination	1		2	2	4				
Total Workload (Hours)									
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS									
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS									

Learning Outcomes

- Introduction to Pharmacology, the definition of medicines, to teach the general rules relating to pharmaceutical forms and applications
- 2 Pharmacokinetics: Drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion teach about the mechanisms.
- 3 Pharmacodynamics in Drug treatment is providing mechanisms through which to teach texture
- Poisoning and create awareness among students about drug side effects and treatment principles to consolidate emergency practices
- 5 To teach the autonomic nervous system and drug treatment
- 6 Emergency cardiovascular effective system, antianginal, antiarrhythmic agents, drugs such as kardiotonikglikozid and teach
- 7 Liquid-electrolyte and blood products, to tell emergency requirements
- 8 Respiratory drugs and to teach the principles of oxygen therapy
- 9 Allergy, otokoids, anti-inflammatory drugs and pain treatment,
- Gastrointestinal drugs and central location in the immediate application of drugs affecting the central nervous system and to explain the importance poisoning
- 11 In cases such as endocrine drugs and diabetic coma, the importance of emergency care
- 12 Kematörapötik medications and wound care

Programme Outcomes (First and Emergency Aid)

- 1 To be able to be aware of their professional authorities and responsibilities.
- To be able to use the principles of individual and organizational communication skills.
- To be able to define the emergency medical services and the pre-hospital emergency medical system devices used in Turkey and the world .
- 4 To be able to perform physical assessment of the patient and primary and secondary inspection.
- 5 To be able to apply the methods of handling and transportation of the patient
- To be able to recognize the rules of the general approach to trauma patients and to be able to be capable of handling and maintenance of trauma equipment.
- 7 To be able to recognize emergency vehicles' mechanical and technical equipment and to be able to drive emergency vehicles.
- 8 To be able to identify the principles of pre-hospital emergency care in cases of environmental emergencies.
- 9 To be able to identify the principles of pre-hospital emergency care in medical emergencies.
- 10 To be able to analyze the ECG rhythm and apply the principles of pre-hospital emergency care for rhythm Disorders.
- 11 To be able to recognize and apply the pre-hospital emergency care drugs and fluids.
- To be able to identify basic life support applications, Advanced Life Support applications and Advanced air way applications.
- To be able to recognize the principles of pre-hospital emergency during disasters.
- 14 To be able to protect and maintain the highest level of physical and mental health.
- 15 To be able to recognize human anatomy and physiology.
- 16 To be able to develop good communication and human relations skills with colluques and patients.
- To be able to apply Infection Control Methods and check infectional situations of emergency vehicles and equipment, ensure the conditions of asepsis-antisepsis and pre-hospital emergency care with Infectious Diseases.
- To have the appropriate knowledge of medical sciences at the level of interest, to use specific medical terms and terminology of field

Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1: Very Low, 2:Low, 3: Medium, 4: High, 5: Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	L6	L7	L8	L9	L10	L11	L12
P1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
P15	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

