

## AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title	Environmenta	I Economics						
Course Code	ECO316		Couse Level		First Cycle (Bachelor's Degree)			
ECTS Credit 6	Workload	150 (Hours)	Theory	3	Practice	0	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course	Provide an an	alytical frame	work for e	nvironmental	quality manag	ement.		
Course Content	Economy and Environment: The Macroeconomy, Economics and Environmental: Economics Growth, Population Growth and the Environment; Sustainable Development, Causes of Environmental Deterioration: Why Governments fail about environment policies?, Causes of Environmental Deterioration: Why Markets Fail?, International Environmental Politics.					rowth,		
Work Placement N/A								
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods			Explanat	ion (Presenta	ition), Discussi	on, Individua	al Study	
Name of Lecturer(s)								

## **Prerequisites & Co-requisities**

ECTS Requisite 85

Assessment Methods and Criteria							
Method	Quantity	Percentage (%)					
Midterm Examination		1	40				
Final Examination		1	70				

## **Recommended or Required Reading**

- 1 Jared DIAMOND, Çöküş: Medeniyetler Nasıl Ayakta Kalır ya da Yıkılır? (Çev. Elif KIRAL), Timaş Yayınları, 2006.
- Tom TIETENBERG and Lewis LYNNE, Environmental and Natural Resource Economics, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, Inc., 2009.

Week	<b>Weekly Detailed Cour</b>	d Course Contents					
1	Theoretical	Economy and Environment: The Macroeconomy					
2	Theoretical	Economics and Environmental: Economics Growth, Population Growth and the Environment; Sustainable Development					
3	Theoretical	Causes of Environmental Deterioration: Why Markets Fail?					
4	Theoretical	Causes of Environmental Deterioration: Why Governments fail about environment policies?					
5	Theoretical	Decision Making and the Environment: Cost-Benefit Analysis					
6	Theoretical	Decision Making and the Environment: The Problem of Valorization of Nature					
7	Theoretical	Economic Control of the Environment: Using the Market to Protect Nature					
8	Intermediate Exam	Midterm Examination					
9	Theoretical	Economic Control of the Environment: Fees, Green TaxesTransferrable Emission Permits					
10	Theoretical	Economic Control of the Environment: Determining the Environmental Standards					
11	Theoretical	Waste Management					
12	Theoretical	Climate Change, Biodiversity Protection, Acid Rains					
13	Theoretical	International Environmental Politics					
14	Theoretical	Environment and the Developing World					
15	Theoretical	General Assessment					
16	Final Exam	Final Examination					
17	Final Exam	Final Examination					

Workload Calculation							
Activity	Quantity	Preparation	Duration	Total Workload			
Lecture - Theory	14	0	3	42			
Reading	14	0	2	28			
Individual Work	14	0	3	42			
Midterm Examination	1	15	1	16			



Final Examination	1		21	1	22
	Total Workload (Hours) 150				150
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = <b>ECTS</b> 6				6	
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS					

Learning Outcomes					
1	Describes the interaction between humans and natural environmental system.				
2	Applies basic methods and techniques to the management of environment.				
3	Identifies and evaluates the consequences of population change and technological progress				
4	Explains pollution and evaluates strategies to deal with it.				
5	Analyses global environmental policy issues with a systematic theoretical framework.				

Progr	ramme Outcomes (Economics)				
1	It defines and evaluates the basic economic concepts, theories, and methods.				
2	It offers a basic level of policy proposals towards current economic problems.				
3	It analyzes in the context of economic and social events in a historical perspective.				
4	It explains the role of economic actors (such as government, company, or household) in the economy.				
5	It follows national and international economic indicators and developments and it uses economic knowledge and methods in different areas.				
6	Itprovides methods, tools and techniques necessary for the modelling and analysis of economic data and evaluates outcomes accordingly.				
7	It defines economic systems, decision-making, policies and problems and it provides feedback about them.				
8	It benefits from other disciplines tht contribute to economic basis and holds a basic knowledge of these disciplines.				
9	It explains and comments on economic growth, development and productivity problems on basic grounds.				
10	It provides sufficient know-how in sub-branches such as public economics, industry, agriculture, environment and natural resources, labor, knowledge and ownership of the economy, international finance, money, in political economy and econometrics.				
11	It defines and evaluates the concept of business on basic grounds.				
12	It provides a sufficient level of legal know-howthat may be demanded from high skill labor in both public and private sectors.				
13	It defines the role of innovation, creativity and technology in the dynamic global economy.				
14	It shows skills that will be useful for future employment opportunities and the working environment.				
15	It considers science as a rational individual with professional and ethical responsibility.				

## Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
P1	3	3	3	3	3
P4	4	4	4	4	4
P10	5	4	4	4	4

