



## AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title		Basic Concepts of Law							
Course Code		KAY105		Course Level		First Cycle (Bachelor's Degree)			
ECTS Credit	4	Workload	102 ( <i>Hours</i> )	Theory	3	Practice	0	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course		This course is designed to teach the basic principles and concepts of law for the first year students. Special emphasis is given to Turkish Law.							
Course Content		Definition of law, rules of law, systems of law, sources of law, legal transactions, legal acts, private rights, public rights							
Work Placement		N/A							
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods				Explanation (Presentation), Discussion, Individual Study					
Name of Lecturer(s)		Lec. Ahmet Bora TARHAN, Prof. Halim Emre ZEREN							

### Assessment Methods and Criteria

Method	Quantity	Percentage (%)
Midterm Examination	1	40
Final Examination	1	70

### Recommended or Required Reading

1	Şaban KAYIHAN, Hukukun Temel Kavramları, Seçkin Yayınları, Ankara, 2011.
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Week	Weekly Detailed Course Contents	
1	Theoretical	The basic concepts of law and the indication of the purpose of this course, the importance of the social order, the rules governing society, religion, morals, manners, customs-customs and rules of law, the relationship between legal rules.
2	Theoretical	The concept of law; legal functions, legal systems, law disciplines to help.
3	Theoretical	Sections of positive law, public law-private law, public law, sub-branches, the general public law, constitutional law.
4	Theoretical	Administrative law, criminal law, international law, tax law, trial law.
5	Theoretical	Branches of private law, civil law, law of persons.
6	Theoretical	Family law, inheritance law.
7	Theoretical	Property law, law of obligations
8	Theoretical	Commercial law, states' private law, law of civil procedure, executions, business law
9	Intermediate Exam	Midterms
10	Intermediate Exam	Midterms
11	Theoretical	The formation of Turkish positive law, legalization, essential and supplementary sources of law, constitution, law, international treaties, decrees, statutes, regulations, case law decisions on the unification, customs-law, judicial decisions.
12	Theoretical	Classification of legal rules, legal rules of space, time and meaning in terms of implementation, interpretation, types, and the discretion of the judge to create law
13	Theoretical	Sanction of law rules, the concept of right, the right types.
14	Theoretical	Owner of rights, the rights issue, acquisition of rights.
15	Theoretical	Protection of rights, forfeiture

### Workload Calculation

Activity	Quantity	Preparation	Duration	Total Workload
Lecture - Theory	13	0	3	39



Individual Work	13	0	2	26
Midterm Examination	1	15	1	16
Final Examination	1	20	1	21
Total Workload (Hours)				102
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = <b>ECTS</b>				4
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS				

### Learning Outcomes

1	To be able to comprehend the basic concepts of law and legal system.
2	Public law, private law and hierarchy of norms are learned
3	Separation and importance of power
4	Understanding and interpreting the basic concepts of law
5	To be able to learn the rules of legal interpretation and to follow the issues in the media.

### Programme Outcomes (Economics)

1	It defines and evaluates the basic economic concepts, theories, and methods.
2	It offers a basic level of policy proposals towards current economic problems.
3	It analyzes in the context of economic and social events in a historical perspective.
4	It explains the role of economic actors (such as government, company, or household) in the economy.
5	It follows national and international economic indicators and developments and it uses economic knowledge and methods in different areas.
6	It provides methods, tools and techniques necessary for the modelling and analysis of economic data and evaluates outcomes accordingly.
7	It defines economic systems, decision-making, policies and problems and it provides feedback about them.
8	It benefits from other disciplines that contribute to economic basis and holds a basic knowledge of these disciplines.
9	It explains and comments on economic growth, development and productivity problems on basic grounds.
10	It provides sufficient know-how in sub-branches such as public economics, industry, agriculture, environment and natural resources, labor, knowledge and ownership of the economy, international finance, money, in political economy and econometrics.
11	It defines and evaluates the concept of business on basic grounds.
12	It provides a sufficient level of legal know-how that may be demanded from high skill labor in both public and private sectors.
13	It defines the role of innovation, creativity and technology in the dynamic global economy.
14	It shows skills that will be useful for future employment opportunities and the working environment.
15	It considers science as a rational individual with professional and ethical responsibility.

### Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Medium, 4: High, 5: Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
P8	3	3	3	3	3
P12	5	4	2	3	3
P14	2	2	2	2	2
P15	4	3	2	3	3

