



AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

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|--|---|---|----------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|------------|---|
| Course Title | | Introduction to Population Genetics | | | | | | | |
| Course Code | | VZO504 | | Coure Level | | Second Cycle (Master's Degree) | | | |
| ECTS Credit | 5 | Workload | 120 (<i>Hours</i>) | Theory | 2 | Practice | 0 | Laboratory | 0 |
| Objectives of the Course | | The aim of course is to teach to the students the concept of population, distribution of genes in population, protection and exchange of gene and genotype frequencies, phenotypic and genotypic variance for any feature of individual | | | | | | | |
| Course Content | | Population concept, source of variation, Hardy-Weinberg Law and constriction of population, phenotypic parameters, phenotypic variance, heritability and repeatability of characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Work Placement | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods | | | | Explanation (Presentation), Individual Study | | | | | |
| Name of Lecturer(s) | | Prof. Ahmet NAZLIGÜL | | | | | | | |

Assessment Methods and Criteria

| Method | Quantity | Percentage (%) |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|
| Midterm Examination | 1 | 40 |
| Final Examination | 1 | 60 |

Recommended or Required Reading

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| 1 | Bourdon, M. R. (2000) Understanding Animal Breeding. Second ed. Prentice Hall, upper Saddle River, New Jersey |
| 2 | Kumlu, S., (2003): Hayvan Islahı. Türkiye Damızlık Sığır Yetiştiricileri M., Ankara |
| 3 | Nicholas, F.W. (2003): Introduction Veterinary Genetics. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, UK. 1. |
| 4 | Willis, B. M. (1991) Dalton's Introduction to Practical Animal Breeding. Third ed. Oxford Blackwell Scientific Publications. London |

| Week | Weekly Detailed Course Contents | |
|------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Theoretical | Population concept |
| 2 | Theoretical | Hardy-Weinberg Law and constriction of population |
| 3 | Theoretical | Phenotype, genotype and environment concepts |
| 4 | Theoretical | Description of variation and source of variation |
| 5 | Theoretical | Phenotypic and genotypic variation |
| 6 | Theoretical | Phenotypic and genotypic variance components |
| 7 | Theoretical | Interaction of genotype and environment |
| 8 | Intermediate Exam | Midterm exam |
| 9 | Theoretical | Heritability and its calculation |
| 10 | Theoretical | The characteristics of heritability |
| 11 | Theoretical | The importance of heritability in animal breeding |
| 12 | Theoretical | Repeatability and ability of the actual yield |
| 13 | Theoretical | Calculation of repeatability |
| 14 | Theoretical | The importance of repeatability in animal breeding |
| 15 | Theoretical | General repetition |
| 16 | Final Exam | Final exam |

Workload Calculation

| Activity | Quantity | Preparation | Duration | Total Workload |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------------|
| Lecture - Theory | 14 | 0 | 2 | 28 |
| Assignment | 3 | 0 | 10 | 30 |
| Reading | 1 | 0 | 40 | 40 |
| Midterm Examination | 1 | 10 | 1 | 11 |



| | | | | |
|---|---|----|---|-----|
| Final Examination | 1 | 10 | 1 | 11 |
| Total Workload (Hours) | | | | 120 |
| [Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS | | | | 5 |
| *25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS | | | | |

Learning Outcomes

| | |
|---|--|
| 1 | to know basic concepts used for animal breeding |
| 2 | to do calculating of gene frequencies in population. |
| 3 | to know and apply the methods used for improvement of genetic structure in livestock |
| 4 | to do calculating the parameters used for the studies of animal breeding |
| 5 | have adequate knowledge for the studies of animal breeding |

Programme Outcomes (Animal Science (Veterinary Medicine) Master)

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|----|--|
| 1 | Knows basic principles of animal rearing and breeding. |
| 2 | Knows physiological and morphological traits of farm animals. He/she can achieve a successful herd management by means of transferring his/her knowledge to the rural area. |
| 3 | Knows management of the animals and can take required measurements in the farm. He/She controls the productivity in the farm and keeps all farm records. |
| 4 | Knows selection and culling methods. |
| 5 | He/She can involve in all stages of production in the farm. Knows how to establish and manage of farm enterprises. He/She can help to the entrepreneurs who will enter the farm business. |
| 6 | He/She can detect and eliminate hereditary defects and problems by using his/her basic genetic knowledge. |
| 7 | Knows production traits due to his/her knowledge about hereditary principles. He/She can achieve heifer selection and determine breeding strategies for maximum production. |
| 8 | He/She can involve as an expert in scientific researches, breeding programs and judicial issues with his/her knowledge about race determination, parenthood tests, blood groups etc. |
| 9 | Knows how to reach resources and knows selection criterions of scientific researches. He/She can systematically present data. Knows statistical concepts and how to can get data, and present those as figures and tables and how to comment them. Knows different statistical methods. He/She can design a topic as a scientific paper. |
| 10 | Knows animal behaviours. Knows legal directives about animal welfare and can design some facilities such as housing, feeding, transferring and slaughtering processes according to these directives. |

Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

| | L1 | L2 | L3 | L4 | L5 |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| P1 | 2 | | | | |
| P4 | 2 | | 4 | 3 | |
| P5 | 2 | | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| P6 | | | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| P7 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| P9 | | 3 | | | |

