



AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

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|--|---|---|----------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|------------|---|
| Course Title | | Gynecological Anesthesia | | | | | | | |
| Course Code | | VDJ521 | | Couse Level | | Second Cycle (Master's Degree) | | | |
| ECTS Credit | 4 | Workload | 100 (<i>Hours</i>) | Theory | 2 | Practice | 2 | Laboratory | 0 |
| Objectives of the Course | | Application of anesthesia in gynecological area in domestic animals | | | | | | | |
| Course Content | | This course includes information about general and private anesthetic techniques which are necessary for aid to birth in domestic females and before laparatomy and operative initiative of genital tract pathology | | | | | | | |
| Work Placement | | N/A | | | | | | | |
| Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods | | | | Explanation (Presentation), Demonstration, Case Study, Individual Study, Problem Solving | | | | | |
| Name of Lecturer(s) | | | | | | | | | |

Assessment Methods and Criteria

| Method | Quantity | Percentage (%) |
|---------------------|----------|----------------|
| Midterm Examination | 1 | 20 |
| Final Examination | 1 | 60 |
| Assignment | 4 | 20 |

Recommended or Required Reading

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| 1 | Alaçam, E. (2002) Doğum ve İnfertilite, Medisan Yayınları, Ankara. |
| 2 | Johnston, S.D., Kustritz, M.V.R., Olson, P.N.S. (2001) Canine and Feline Theriogenoiogy, W.B. Saunders Comp., Philadelphia. |
| 3 | Noakes, D.E., Parkinson, T.J., England, G.C.W. (2001) Artur's Veterinary Reproduction and Obstetrics, W.B. Saunders Comp., Philadelphia. |
| 4 | Hafez, E.S.E. (1993) Reproduction in Farm Animals, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia. |
| 5 | Dinç, D.A. (2008) Ultrason fiziği ve ineklerde reproduktif ultrasonografi, Pozitif Matbaacılık Ltd. Şti, Ankara. |
| 6 | J. Kevin KEALY, H. Mc ALLISTER (2005) Diagnostic Radiology and Ultrasonography of the Dog and Cat |

| Week | Weekly Detailed Course Contents | |
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| 1 | Theoretical | Conditions which require application of anesthesia in farm animals |
| | Practice | Determination of animals on which anesthesia might be used |
| 2 | Theoretical | In cases which anesthesia application is contraindicated |
| | Practice | Definition of animals on which anesthesia cannot be used |
| 3 | Theoretical | Anesthesia methods which can be used |
| | Practice | To show anesthesia application methods |
| 4 | Theoretical | Choice of anesthesia drugs |
| | Practice | Introduction of anesthesia drugs |
| 5 | Theoretical | Anesthesia application |
| | Practice | To show anesthesia application |
| 6 | Theoretical | Issues which must be considered during application of anesthesia |
| | Practice | Choice of drugs, application and determination of suitability for the animal |
| 7 | Theoretical | Post-anesthesia care |
| | Practice | Choice of drugs, application and determination of suitability for the animal |
| 8 | Practice | Mid-term evaluation |
| | Intermediate Exam | Intermediate exam |
| 9 | Theoretical | Conditions which require application of anesthetic in pet animals |
| | Practice | Care of the patient in the phase of recovery from anesthesia |
| 10 | Theoretical | In cases which anesthesia application is contraindicated |
| | Practice | Care of the patient in the phase of recovery from anesthesia |
| 11 | Theoretical | Anesthesia methods which can be used |
| | Practice | To show anesthesia application methods |
| 12 | Theoretical | Choice of anesthetic drugs |



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| 12 | Practice | Introduction of anesthetic drugs |
| 13 | Theoretical | Application of anesthesia |
| | Practice | To show anesthesia application |
| 14 | Theoretical | Issues which must be considered when application of anesthesia |
| | Practice | Choice of drugs, application and determination of suitability for the animal |
| 15 | Theoretical | Post-anesthesia care |
| | Practice | Care of the patient in the phase of recovery from anesthesia |
| 16 | Final Exam | Final exam |

Workload Calculation

| Activity | Quantity | Preparation | Duration | Total Workload |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------|----------------|
| Lecture - Theory | 14 | 0 | 2 | 28 |
| Lecture - Practice | 14 | 0 | 2 | 28 |
| Assignment | 4 | 0 | 3 | 12 |
| Reading | 14 | 0 | 1 | 14 |
| Midterm Examination | 1 | 4 | 2 | 6 |
| Final Examination | 1 | 10 | 2 | 12 |
| Total Workload (Hours) | | | | 100 |
| [Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS | | | | 4 |

*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS

Learning Outcomes

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| 1 | To be able to learn gynecological anesthesia in domesticated animals |
| 2 | To be able to learn which anesthesia can be used |
| 3 | To be able to learn anesthesia methods which can be applied |
| 4 | To be able to learn anesthesia application |
| 5 | To be able to comprehend post-anesthesia care |
| 6 | To be able to learn when anesthesia is contraindicate |

Programme Outcomes (Obstetrics and Gynecology (Veterinary Medicine) Master)

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| 1 | Acquiring basic principles and establishing crucial links in the theory and practical aspects in the field of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Getting grip on the animal's reproductive systems, organs, structures and their functional features. |
| 2 | Reproductive anatomy of the female animals, embryonic development of the gonads, maturation, cellular and hormonal mechanisms of oogenesis and mechanisms of ovulation and transport of ovum. Sexual cycles of the female animals and their species related differences. |
| 3 | Being informed about the fertilisation, early embryonic development, implantation and pregnancy. Fetal development, intrauterine life and detection of risk pregnancies. Learning to deal with the the issues of abortion. Knowing the hormonal and obstetrical aspects of normal parturition. Recognizing dystocia cases and being aware of predisposing and effective etiology of dystocia. Learning the initial approach to dystocia cases and learning to choose the appropriate intervention. Learning to apply the obstetrical methods. |
| 4 | Being informed about the puerperium and postpartum periods, learning the physiology and diagnosis and treatment of pathological conditions (metabolic, infectious and traumatic) during the transition period. Learn the ability to perform intrauterine applications. Acquiring right approaches on handling mother and the offspring in the puerperal period. Learning about the care and diseases of the newborn. |
| 5 | Gaining experience about the fertility parameters in the farm animals. Being informed about the diagnosis and therapy of infertility cases and management of them in the herd scale. Learning necessary precautions and management practices for establishing the reproductivity as a branch of herd health. Being informed about the effects of nutrition and management on reproduction. |
| 6 | Acquiring the knowledge of the hormones and their clinical applications, affecting reproduction directly or indirectly. Learning methods of sexual synchronisation and appropriate timing of insemination or mating. Being able to administer medical and operative contraceptive methods to female animals. Being informed about assisted reproductive techniques. |
| 7 | Administering specialized systematic examination of female animals, performing morphologic and functional examination of the female genitalia and mammary glands thus learning the diagnosis of hormonal, infectious, traumatic and tumoral diseases. Gaining skills in surgical therapy or/and elective gynaecological-oncological, udder and teat operations of the related diseases. |
| 8 | Having knowledge of the etiology, diagnosis and therapy of mastitis. Learning necessary precautions and management practices to control mastitis incidence in farm animals particularly in dairy enterprises. Having knowledge of etiology, diagnosis and therapy of circulatory disorders and infectious and non-infectious skin diseases. |
| 9 | Being informed about frequently used anesthetic methods and anesthetic agents, analgesics, antibiotics, liquid therapy and other medical agents. Gaining skills in solving problems due to reproductive emergency cases, being able to make definitive diagnosis by clinical symptomatic data and administer appropriate therapy in various animal species. |



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| 10 | Learning methods and principles of scientific research, learn and acquire scientific ethics concept. Being aware of current developments by surveying and analyzing scientific literature. Gaining skills in interpreting classical knowledge of the scientific area to the students and the community. |
| 11 | Being able to plan, conduct and accomplish an original scientific study that can deliver novelty, develop a new scientific method or adopt a known method to a new area and present the results as a scientific article, in the area of obstetrics and gynaecology. |

Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

| | L1 | L2 | L3 | L4 | L5 | L6 |
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| P1 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| P3 | | 3 | 3 | | | |
| P7 | | | | 4 | 3 | |

