



AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title		Dystocia in Domestic Animals							
Course Code		VDJ602		Course Level		Third Cycle (Doctorate Degree)			
ECTS Credit	8	Workload	200 (Hours)	Theory	2	Practice	2	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course		With the right approach to intervene to birth in animal species							
Course Content		Reasons of dystocia in domesticated animals (maternal and fetal), initiatives that help to be made for these reasons							
Work Placement		N/A							
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods				Explanation (Presentation), Demonstration, Discussion, Case Study, Individual Study					
Name of Lecturer(s)									

Assessment Methods and Criteria

Method	Quantity	Percentage (%)
Midterm Examination	1	20
Final Examination	1	60
Assignment	4	20

Recommended or Required Reading

1	Alaçam, E. (2002) Doğum ve İnfertilite, Medisan Yayınları, Ankara.
2	Johnston, S.D., Kustritz, M.V.R., Olson, P.N.S. (2001) Canine and Feline Theriogenoiogy, W.B. Saunders Comp., Philadelphia.
3	Noakes, D.E., Parkinson, T.J., England, G.C.W. (2001) Artur's Veterinary Reproduction and Obstetrics, W.B. Saunders Comp., Philadelphia.
4	Hafez, E.S.E. (1993) Reproduction in Farm Animals, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia.
5	Dinç, D.A. (2008) Ultrason fiziği ve ineklerde reproduktif ultrasonografi, Pozitif Matbaacılık Ltd. Şti, Ankara.

Week	Weekly Detailed Course Contents	
1	Theoretical	Anatomy of the reproductive organs (smooth, bone birth canal and development of genital organs)
	Practice	Anatomy of the genital tract
2	Theoretical	Examination of female reproductive organs
	Practice	Methods of gynaecological examination
3	Theoretical	Examination of pregnancy
	Practice	Methods of gynaecological examination
4	Theoretical	Physiological and endocrine order and neural control if birth in domesticated animals
	Practice	Presentation in birth
5	Theoretical	Preparation of fetus for birth
	Practice	Position in birth
6	Theoretical	Presentation, position and posteur
	Practice	Posture in birth
7	Theoretical	Parturition in animal species (queens, bitches, cows, mares, ewes, goats, camels)
	Practice	Anesthesia application in intervention of birth
8	Theoretical	Definition of dystocia and etiology
	Practice	Monitoring normal birth video in cows
9	Practice	Application about intermediate exam
	Intermediate Exam	Intermediate exam
10	Theoretical	Dystocia in cows
	Practice	Monitoring normal birth video in mares
11	Theoretical	Dystocia in mares
	Practice	Monitoring normal birth video in ewes
12	Theoretical	Dystocia in ewes
	Practice	Monitoring normal birth video in queens



13	Theoretical	Dystocia in bitches
	Practice	Monitoring normal birth video in bitches
14	Theoretical	Dystocia in queens
	Practice	Dystocia interventions with model calf
15	Theoretical	General repetition of subjects
	Practice	General repetition of subjects

Workload Calculation

Activity	Quantity	Preparation	Duration	Total Workload
Lecture - Theory	14	0	2	28
Lecture - Practice	14	0	2	28
Reading	14	0	5	70
Midterm Examination	1	30	2	32
Final Examination	1	40	2	42
Total Workload (Hours)				200
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS				8

*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS

Learning Outcomes

1	Knowledge of physiological process of parturition
2	Knowledge of symptoms related normal birth in animal species
3	Knowledge of the causes of dystocia in animal species
4	Knowledge of crossing roads physiological to pathology
5	Having ability to intervene dystocia eith the most common approach

Programme Outcomes (Obstetrics and Gynecology (Veterinary Medicine) Doctorate)

1	Acquiring basic principles and establishing crucial links in the theory and practical aspects in the field of Obstetrics and Gynecology. Getting grip on the animal's reproductive systems, organs, structures and their functional features.
2	Reproductive anatomy of the female animals, embriyonic development of the gonads, maturation, cellular and hormonal mechanisms of oogenesis and mechanisms of ovulation and transport of ovum. Sexual cycles of the female animals and their species related differences.
3	Being informed about the fertilisation, early embriyonic development, implantation and pregnancy. Fetal development, intrauterine life and detection of risked pregnancies. Learning to deal with the the issues of abortion. Knowing the hormonal and obstetrical aspects of normal parturition. Recognizing dystocia cases and being avare of predispozing and effective etiology of dystocia. Learning the initial approach to dystocia cases and learning to choose the appropriate intervention. Learning to apply the obstetrical methods.
4	Being informed about the puerperium and postpartum periods, learning the physiology and diagnosis and treatment of pathological conditions (metabolic, infectious and traumatic) during the transition period. Learn the ability to perform intrauterine applications. Acquiring right approaches on handling mother and the offspring in the puerperal period. Learning about the care and diseases of the newborn.
5	Gaining experience about the fertility parameters in the farm animals. Being informed about the diagnosis and therapy of infertility cases and management of them in the herd scale. Learning necessary precautions and management practices for establishing the reproductivity as a branch of herd health. Being informed about the effects of nutrition and management on reproduction.
6	Acquiring the knowledge of the hormones and their clinical applications, affecting reproduction directly or indirectly. Learning methods of sexual synchronisation and appropriate timing of insemination or mating. Being able to administer medical and operative contraseptive methods to female animals. Being informed about assisted reproductive techniques.
7	Administering specialized systematic examination of female animals, performing morphologic and functional examination of the female genitalia and mammary glands thus learning the diagnosis of hormonal, infectious, traumatic and tumoral diseases. Gaining skills in surgical therapy or/and elective gynaecological-oncological, udder and teat operations of the related diseases.
8	Having knowledge of the etiology, diagnosis and therapy of mastitis. Learning necessary precautions and management practices to control mastitis incidence in farm animals particularly in dariy enterprises. Having knowledge of etiology, diagnosis and therapy of circulatory disorders and infectious and non-infectious skin diseases.
9	Being informed about frequently used anesthetic methods and anesthetic agents, analgesics, antibiotics, liquid therapy and other medical agents. Gaining skills in solving problems due to reproductive emergency cases, being able to make definitive diagnosis by clinical symptomatic data and administer appropriate therapy in various animal species.
10	Learning methods and principles of scientific research, learn and acquire scientific ethics concept. Being avare of current developments by surveying and analyzing scientific literature. Gaining skills in interpreting classical knowledge of the scientific area to the students and the community.
11	Being able to plan, conduct and accomplish an original scintific study that can deliver novelty, develop a new scientific method or adopt a known method to a new area and present the results as a scientific article, in the area of obstetrics and gyaecology.



Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
P1	5		5		
P2		5	2		
P3	5		3		
P4				5	
P7	5		3		
P8		4			
P9			4	5	
P11					2

