



AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title		Freezing of Semen and Fertility							
Course Code		VST628		Couese Level		Third Cycle (Doctorate Degree)			
ECTS Credit	4	Workload	100 (<i>Hours</i>)	Theory	2	Practice	0	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course		To give information about importance of semen freezing in domestic animals, stages of freezing procedure, different freezing procedures, effects of frozen thawed sperm on fertility, new techniques for freezing procedure and evaluation of this new techniques							
Course Content		Aim of the long term storage of sperm, diluents which use freezing procedures and their features, pregnancy rates of animals which inseminated with frozen thawed sperm							
Work Placement		N/A							
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods				Explanation (Presentation), Demonstration					
Name of Lecturer(s)		Prof. İlker SERİN							

Assessment Methods and Criteria

Method	Quantity	Percentage (%)
Midterm Examination	1	40
Final Examination	1	60

Recommended or Required Reading

1	Ball P.J.H., Peters A.R. (2004) Reproduction in Cattle. Blackwell Publishing, Oxford
2	Bearden H.J., Fuquay J.W., Willard S.T. (2004) Applied Animal Reproduction. Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey
3	Feldman E. C., Nelson R. W. (2004) Canine and Feline Endocrinology and Reproduction. Saunders, St. Louis
4	Hafez E.S.E., Hafez B. (2000) Reproduction in Farm Animals. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, Philadelphia
5	Pineda M. H., Dooley M. P. (2003) McDonald's Veterinary Endocrinology and Reproduction, Iowa State Press, New York
6	Mitchell J.R., Doak G. A. (2004) The Artificial Insemination and Embryo Transfer of Dairy and Beef Cattle (including information pertaining to goats, sheep, horses swine, and other animals). Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey
7	Evans G., Maxwell WMC. (1987) Salamon's Artificial Insemination of Sheep and Goats. Butterworths, Sydney

Week	Weekly Detailed Course Contents	
1	Theoretical	Importance of sperm freezing
2	Theoretical	Basic principles of sperm freezing procedures
3	Theoretical	Features of diluents which use for long term storage
4	Theoretical	Features of diluents which use for long term storage
5	Theoretical	Techniques for dilution
6	Theoretical	Calculation of diluents volume
7	Theoretical	Stages of freezing procedures
8	Intermediate Exam	Midterm exam
9	Theoretical	Stages of freezing procedures
10	Theoretical	Cryoprotectants
11	Theoretical	Effects of freezing speed on sperm cells
12	Theoretical	Addition of antioxidants into the extenders
13	Theoretical	Transport and Packing of frozen sperm
14	Theoretical	Critical points of artificial insemination with frozen sperm, and the resulting pregnancy rates
15	Theoretical	Pregnancy rates of animals which inseminated with frozen sperm
16	Final Exam	Final term exam

Workload Calculation

Activity	Quantity	Preparation	Duration	Total Workload
Lecture - Theory	14	0	2	28
Assignment	2	0	10	20
Reading	14	0	1	14



Midterm Examination	1	15	1	16
Final Examination	1	20	2	22
Total Workload (Hours)				100
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS				4
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS				

Learning Outcomes

1	importance and basic principles of sperm freezing
2	Features of diluents which use long term storage of sperm
3	Effects of Frozen and thawed sperm on fertility
4	Cryoprotectants used to freeze semen
5	Changes in frozen sperm

Programme Outcomes (*Reproduction and Artificial Insemination (Veterinary Medicine) Doctorate*)

1	To get knowledge about reproduction and artificial insemination with theoretical lessons and practise, also to get knowledge about reproductive systems of animals, reproductive organs and functions of these organs
2	Hormonal mechanisms of oogenesis and spermatogenesis, movements of oocyte and sperm cells in the genital tracts, factors affecting spermatogenesis and oogenesis, blood-testis barrier, functions of epididymidis, capacitation and acrosome reaction of sperm cells, fertilization (fusion, activation, penetration)
3	To get knowledge about reproductive anatomy of male and female animals, reproductive endocrinology, embryonic development of gonads, prenatal development, development-regression and luteolysis of corpus luteum, histological, anatomical and physiological structure of uterus, fertilization, early embryonic development, luteal mechanism, implantation, involution of uterus post partum, sperm migration in cervical mucus, oogenesis, acrosomal enzymes, fusion, activation, penetration, syngamy and polyspermy and reproductive health
4	To get ample information about the structure and functions of hormones related to reproduction and diagnosis of oestrus, proper seeding time and gain experience in the selection of the technique in domestic animals
5	To get experience to join reproductive scientific research, to follow scientific advances own field. To transfer all these experiences and knowledge to students and society
6	To gain ability to reach scientific references, to plan an experiment, study this experiment, evaluation of experimental results and compare this result similar experimental result
7	Systematic of special examination, morphological and functional examination of genital organs, microbiological examination of sperm cells, ultra structure characteristics of sperm cells, factors affecting sperm quality, spermatological examination, Short term storage and cryopreservation of sperm cells, cryopreservation methods, factors affecting the success of thawing sperm cells, manipulations applied before or after thawing
8	To get knowledge about reproductive biotechnology (artificial insemination, in-vitro fertilisation, freezing of sperm and embryo, embryo transfer, laparoscopic insemination). To Contribute and advance to science
9	To get knowledge about infertility, diagnosis of infertility, treatment of infertility in domestic animals especially commercial farms
10	To make a research about reproduction and artificial insemination, this can contribute and advance to science
11	To get experience about to write a national or international article about reproduction and artificial insemination, this can contribute and advance to science

Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

	L1	L2	L3
P1	4		4
P7	5	5	5
P9			4

