

## AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

| Course Title Quantitative Research   |                 | esearch                         |                               |                             |                                |              |  |    |
|--|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--|----|
| Course Code  | İHH629          |                                 | Couse Level                   |                             | Third Cycle (Doctorate Degree) |              |  |    |
| ECTS Credit 6  | Workload        | 145 (Hours)                     | Theory                        | 2                           | Practice                       | 0            | Laboratory   | 0  |
| Objectives of the Course The purpose of thiscourse designs and to gainin formation |                 |                                 |                               |                             |                                |              |  |    |
| Course Content   | quantitative re | search, the possessearch hypoth | ositive and in<br>neses, hypo | negative asp<br>thesistypes | pects of qualita               | tive researc | the main methodsunds, identification of eas of quantitative re |    |
| Work Placement   | N/A             |                                 |                               |                             |                                |              |  |    |
| Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods                                   |                 |                                 | Explanatio                    | n (Presenta                 | tion), Discussion              | on, Case Stu | udy, Individual Stud   | dy |
| Name of Lecturer(s)  |                 |                                 |                               |                             |                                |              |  |    |

| Assessment Methods and Criteria |          |                |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Method                          | Quantity | Percentage (%) |  |  |  |
| Midterm Examination             | 1        | 40             |  |  |  |
| Final Examination               | 1        | 60             |  |  |  |

| Recor | nmended or Required Reading   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1     | http://www.donusumkonagi.net/makale.asp?id=5808&baslik=nicel_ve_nitel_Arastirma_yontemleri&i=Arastirma_yontemleri   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2     | http://oc.eab.org.tr/egtconf/pdfkitap/pdf/557.pdf   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3     | Arıkan, R. (2011). Ara_tırma Yöntem ve Teknikleri, Ankara: Nobel.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4     | Arseven, A. D. (1994). Alan Ara_tırma Yöntemi. Ankara: Gül Yayınevi.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5     | Balso, M. D. ve Lewis, A. D. (2007). Recherche en SciencesHumainesuneInitiation a laMéthodologie, Modulo, Montréal (Québec).                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6     | Böke, K. (2009). Sosyal Bilimlerde Araştırma, Kaan Böke (Der.) Sosyal Bilimlerde Araştırma Yöntemleri: 3-32. istanbul: Alfa.                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7     | Büyüköztürk, _; Çakmak, E. K.; Akgün, Ö. E.; Karadeniz, Demirel, F. (2012). Bilimsel AraştırmaYöntemleri, Ankara: Pegem Akademi.                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8     | Day, R. A. (2001). Bilimsel Bir Makale Nasıl Yazılır ve Yayımlanır? (Çev: Gülay A_kar Altay),TÜBİTAK.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9     | Gazo, D. (2011). Recherche et MethodeScientifique, SCI6060-Methodes de recherche en sciences de ? l'information, Cours 1-7 Janvier 2011.                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10    | Genç, S. Z. (2010). Bilimsel Araştırma Basamakları, Remzi Y. Kıncal (Der.) Bilimsel Araştırma Yöntemleri: 79-95. Ankara: Nobel Yayın Dağıtım.             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11    | Gökçe, B. (1988). Toplumsal Bilimlerde Araştırma, Ankara: Savaş Yayınları.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12    | Harzallı, F. (2010). Initiation a le Recherche. Universite de Jendouba ISSEP du KEF.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13    | Kaptan, S. (1982). Bilimsel Araştırma Teknikleri ve İstatistikî Yöntemler, Ankara: Hacettepe Üniversitesi.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14    | LearnAlberta.ca. (2008). RechercheScientifique, AlbertaEducation, Canada.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15    | Mailhot, M. O. (2005), LesEtapesd'unTrvail de Recherche, InstitutReine-marie.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16    | Moseley, A. (2010). A'dan Z'ye Felsefe, stanbul: NTV Yayınları.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17    | Punch, K. F. (2011). Sosyal Araştırmalara Giriş, Ankara: Siyasal Kitapevi.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18    | Schneider, D. K. (2006). Balises de MethodologiePour la Recherche en SciencesSociales, TECFA Faculte de Psychologie et desSciences de l'Education, Geneve |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19    | Schneider, D. K. (2007). MethodesQualitatives en SciencesSociales, TECFA Faculte de Psychologie et desSciences de l'Education, Geneve.                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20    | Tremblay, R.R. ve Y. Perrier (2006). Outils et Methodes de TravailIntellectuel, lesEdstsons de la Cheneliereinc.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21    | Yeil, R. (2010). Nicel ve Nitel Araştırma Yöntemleri, Remzi Y. Kıncal (Der.) Bilimsel Araştırma yöntemleri: 49-77. Ankara: Nobel Yayın Dağıtım.           |  |  |  |  |  |

| Week                             | Weekly Detailed Course Contents |   |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1                                | Theoretical                     | Introduction to Quantitative ResearchMethods        |  |  |  |
| Preparation Work Researching, re |                                 | Researching, reading                                |  |  |  |
| 2                                | Theoretical                     | The topics election processin quantitative research |  |  |  |
|                                  | Preparation Work                | Researching, reading                                |  |  |  |



| 3  | Theoretical       | The main objective of quantitative research    |  |  |
|----|-------------------|--|--|--|
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 4  | Theoretical       | The main methods used in quantitative research |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 5  | Theoretical       | Descriptives research designs                  |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 6  | Theoretical       | Experimental research designs                  |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 7  | Theoretical       | Semi-Experimental research designs             |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 8  | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
|    | Intermediate Exam | Mid-Term Exam                                  |  |  |
| 9  | Theoretical       | Before the experiment designs                  |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 10 | Theoretical       | Case-control studies                           |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 11 | Theoretical       | Internal validity and external validity        |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 12 | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 13 | Theoretical       | Interview                                      |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 14 | Theoretical       | Observation                                    |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 15 | Theoretical       | Thewriting of theresearchreport                |  |  |
|    | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
| 16 | Preparation Work  | Researching, reading                           |  |  |
|    | Final Exam        | Final Exam                                     |  |  |

| Workload Calculation                           |          |             |          |                |  |  |
|--|----------|-------------|----------|----------------|--|--|
| Activity                                       | Quantity | Preparation | Duration | Total Workload |  |  |
| Lecture - Theory                               | 15       | 2           | 2        | 60             |  |  |
| Midterm Examination                            | 1        | 35          | 5        | 40             |  |  |
| Final Examination                              | 1        | 40          | 5        | 45             |  |  |
| Total Workload (Hours)                         |          |             |          |                |  |  |
| [Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = <b>ECTS</b> 6 |          |             |          |                |  |  |
| *25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS        |          |             |          |                |  |  |

| Learning Outcomes |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1                 | Understanding of quantitative research methods                |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                 | Reading of quantitative research articles                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3                 | Understanding and critizing of quantitative research articles |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                 | Planning of quantitative research                             |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                 | Writting of quantitative research report writing              |  |  |  |  |  |

## **Programme Outcomes** (Surgical Nursing Doctorate)

- Based on nursing graduate qualification, improves the level of expertise knowledge in surgical nursing, deepens and reaches 1 the original definition which will bring science to innovation
- Understands the interaction between the various disciplines in the field of nursing, new and complex ideas, analysis, synthesis 2 and evaluation using information that requires expertise in reaching the original results
- Approaches in a systematic way for new information about the nursing field and gains high-level skills in research methods in 3 the field
- Develops a new scientific method bringing innovations in science or applies a known method to a different area, searches for a 4 specific topic, designs and implements
- Expands the boundaries of knowledge in the field published in national and / or international peer-reviewed journals in the feel 5 of Surgical Nursing
- 6 Can make original and interdisciplinary leadership in contexts that require solving problems.



| 7  | Develops a solution method for a problem in the field of surgical nursing and fictionalizes independently   |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 8  | Can communicate effectively showing the defense efficiency expert opinion within the original community.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | Finds solutions to develop new strategic approaches, unpredictable complex situations encountered in practice in the field of Surgical diseases nursing                                       |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Manners current developments and own studies in the field and outside groups in written, oral and visual in a systematic way in Surgical nursing field  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Communicates at least one European language in B2 that is the general level of oral and written portfolio("European Language Portfolio Global Scale", Level B2)                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Uses advanced communication technologies with information on the required level of computer software in the field of nursing and surgical diseases together                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Plans implementation on issues related to the field of nursing, and evaluate the framework of quality processes of surgical disease and obtaines to develop this results                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Shares values about stages of the nursing field data collection, interpretation and dissemination related to surgical diseases by taking into consideration the scientific and ethical values |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Applies internalized knowledge and problem-solving skills in the field of surgical nursing in interdisciplinary studies   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Adheres to the social, scientific and professional ethics   |  |  |  |  |  |

## Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1:Very Low, 2:Low, 3:Medium, 4:High, 5:Very High

|     | L1 | L2 | L3 | L4 | L5 |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| P4  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  |
| P5  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  |
| P14 | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  | 4  |

