

## AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title	Debates on Information Technologies, E-Government and E-Democracy							
Course Code	SOSY654		Couse Level		Third Cycle (Doctorate Degree)			
ECTS Credit 5	Workload	127 (Hours)	Theory	3	Practice	0	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course	The rise of the information society has led to significant changes in citizens' expectations, organizational structures, cultures, processes and working relations. The OECD defines e-government as the use of information and communication technologies, particularly the Internet, as a tool to achieve the goal of better governance (OECD 2003). We observe that significant progress has been made on the way to becoming an information society. It is assumed that e-state practices will inevitably reflect on the relationship between the citizen and the state. One of the main purposes of this course is to examine e-government applications from a sociological perspective and to investigate the possible effects of these applications on e-democracy.							
Course Content	world and in or discussed. Din examined. Fin	ur country wil nensions of e nally, in the co n and state ir	I be compared Government ontext of e-de our country	d and the such as p mocracy, and its po	experiences of political, trade, s how e-participa	good example security and c ation practices	nment applicatio e countries will b itizenship service affect the relatio patory citizenship	es will be onship
Work Placement	N/A							
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods		Explanation (Presentation), Discussion, Problem Solving						
Name of Lecturer(s)								

Assessment Methods and Criteria						
Method			Quantity	Percentage (%)		
Midterm Examination		1	40			
Final Examination			1	60		

Reco	nmended or Required Reading					
1	DELİBAŞ Kayhan ve AKGÜL A. Erdem (2010). Dünyada ve Türkiye de E devlet Uygulamaları Türkiye de E demokrasi ve E katılım Potansiyellerinin Harekete Geçirilmesi. Sosyoloji Araştırmaları Dergisi, 13(1), 101-144.					
2	Reddick, Christopher, G. (2010) Politics, Democracy and E-Government: Participation and Service Delivery (First Edition), Information Science Reference.					
3	Manoharan, Aroon ve Holzer Marc (2012) (edited) Active Citizen Participation in E-Government: A Global Perspective, (First Edition), Information Science Reference.					
4	Scholl, H.J., ? Glassey, ? O. ve Janssen, M.F.W.H.A. 2016) (edited) Electronic Government and Electronic Participation, IOS Press.					
5	TOFFLER, Alvin 1981 Üçüncü Dalga, Çev. A.Seden, Altın Kitaplar Yayınevi, İstanbul.					
6	KURAN, N. Hüseyin 2005 Türkiye İçin E-Devlet Modeli, İstanbul Bilgi Üniversitesi Yayınları, İstanbul.					
7	UC¸KAN, Oʻzguʻr 2003 E-Devlet, E-Demokrasi ve Tuʻrkiye, Literatuʻr Yayınları, I·stanbul.					
8	HABERMAS, Jürgen 1996 Between Facts and Norms, Cambridge: Polity Press					
9	ELSTER, Jon 1998 (ed) Deliberative Democracy, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.					
10	Delibaş, K ve Yiğit, E. (2015), Siyaset Kurumu, İçinde (Der. Sevinç Güçlü), Kurumlara Sosyolojik Bakış, Kitapevi, İstanbul					

Week	<b>Weekly Detailed Cour</b>	se Contents				
1	Theoretical	Introduction of Course? Issues and Debates				
2	Theoretical	2 Concepts and Theoriz Kavramsal ve Kuramsal Çerçeve				
3	Theoretical	Post Second World War: Socioeconomic Situation				
4	Theoretical	Changes that Started from the 1970s				
5	Theoretical	Post Industrial Transformation I				
6	Theoretical	Post Industrial Transformation II				
7	Theoretical	From Modern to Postmodern Transformation				
8	Intermediate Exam	MIDTERM EXAM				
9	Theoretical	Changing Production Relations:				
10	Theoretical	What Does 3. Wave Means?				
11	Theoretical	Computer Technologies and Production				



12	Theoretical	The Age of Internet
13	Theoretical	New Political Possibilities: E-Democracy
14	Theoretical	E-Participation
15	Theoretical	Is E-Democracy Possible?
16	Final Exam	FINAL EXAM

Workload Calculation					
Activity	Quantity	Preparation	Duration	Total Workload	
Lecture - Theory	14	0	3	42	
Assignment	3	0	3	9	
Reading	1	5	2	7	
Midterm Examination	1	30	2	32	
Final Examination	1	35	2	37	
	127				
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = <b>ECTS</b>					
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS					

## **Learning Outcomes**

- Grasp the key debate, concepts associated with debates on Information Technologies, E-Government and E-Democracy in the world and Turkey;
- Gaining the ability to conduct and report independent research using sociological methods based on the basic sociological theoretical framework of the field;
- To be able to understand the driving dynamics of Information Technologies, e-Government, and e-Democracy applications and to define their relationship with the socio-cultural and political structure;
- To be able to understand the driving dynamics of Information Technologies, e-Government, and e-Democracy applications and to define their relationship with the socio-cultural and political structure;
- 5 Demonstrate the ability to examine the issues of Information Technologies, e-Government and e-Democracy critically and objectively;

## Programme Outcomes (Sociology Doctorate)

- 1 To be able to understand and explain the functioning of social structure, institutions and processes, and social action.
- Ability to make advanced sociological analyzes based on the current theoretical and conceptual framework.
- To be able to think critically about the causes and consequences of social inequalities (in the areas of class, ethnicity, religion, and gender).
- To be able to use sociological research methods and techniques effectively in work life and academic studies.
- 5 To be able to understand and explain social and intercultural differences from a comparative perspective.
- 6 Being sensitive to universal values and ecological problems by using a scientific perspective.
- 7 To be able to look at current social problems and phenomena from an interdisciplinary perspective.
- 8 To follow current sociological developments, to be open to professional innovations and to be able to predict.
- 9 Having professional sensitivity and scientific ethical responsibility.
- 10 To be able to express oneself in an advanced academic sense, both verbally and in writing, and to communicate effectively.
- 11 To be able to follow basic sociological texts in a foreign language.

## Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1: Very Low, 2: Low, 3: Medium, 4: High, 5: Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
P1	4	5	5	5	5
P2	4	5	5	5	5
P3	2	3	3	3	3
P4	4	4	5	4	4
P5	3	3	4	4	4
P6	3	3	3	3	3
P7	5	5	5	4	4
P8	4	4	5	4	4
P9	3	3	3	5	3
P10	4	4	5	5	4
P11	4	4	4	5	5

