

AYDIN ADNAN MENDERES UNIVERSITY COURSE INFORMATION FORM

Course Title	Drugs of Chemotherapy, I (Basic Principles and Antibiotics)						
Course Code	VFT521	Couse Level Second Cycle (Master's Degree)					
ECTS Credit 6	Workload 148 (Hours)	Theory	2	Practice	0	Laboratory	0
Objectives of the Course To inform about the chemotherapeutics and detailed information is given about one of its components: antibiotics. To teach the effects, spectrum, inhibitoric power, mode of actions, resistance, mixtures, usag and classification of antibiotics.							
Course Content Classification and basic principles of chemotherapeutics, beta lactam antibiotics, aminogylcosides, macrolides, lincosamides, polymixins, chloramphenicol, tetracyclines, nitrofuranes, flouroquinolones, imidazole compounds and sulfamycine antibiotics are examined.					,		
Work Placement N/A							
Planned Learning Activities and Teaching Methods		Explanation (Problem Solv		tion), Discussion	on, Case Stu	dy, Individual Stud	dy,
Name of Lecturer(s)	Lec. Hande Sultan ŞAHİNE	R, Prof. Ferda	a AKAR				

Assessment Methods and Criteria						
Method	Quantity	Percentage (%)				
Midterm Examination	1	40				
Final Examination	1	60				

Reco	mmended or Required Reading
1	Hayes, WA (2007) PrenciplesandMethods of Toxicology, 5th Edition, Taylor and Francis, London
2	Klaassen, C. (2008) Casarett&Doull'sToxicology: The Basic Science of Poisons, 7th Edition, McGraw-HillCompanies, USA.
3	Hodgson, E (2010) A textbook of modern toxicology, 4 th Edition, John WileyandSons, Inc., Hoboken, Canada.
4	Casarett&Doull's Toxicology - The Basic Science of Poison. McGraw-Hill Press
5	Gupta, R.C. VeterinaryToxicology - Basic andClinicalPrinciples. AcademicPress

Week	Weekly Detailed Cour	se Contents			
1	Theoretical	Chemotherapeutics			
	Practice	Introduction, history, classificationandsideeffects of chemotherapeutics			
2	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Activity, spectrum, inhibitoricpower of antibiotics			
3	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Methodsfordeterminingtheinhibitoricpower of antibiotics			
4	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Mode of actions of antibiotics			
5	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Resistancephenemon, typesandimportance ofantibioticresistance. Determination of antibioticresistance.			
6	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Mixture of antibiotics. Determiantion of interactionsamongantibiotics.			
7	Practice	Midterm exam			
	Intermediate Exam	Midterm exam			
8	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Factorsthateffectantibioticusage. Specificantibioticusagefields.			
9	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Beta lactamantibiotics (penicillins)			
10	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Beta lactamantibiotics (cephalosporinsandother beta lactams)			
11	Theoretical	Antibiotics			
	Practice	Aminoglycosidesandmacrolides			
12	Theoretical	Antibiotics			



12	Practice	Tetracyclines, phenicols, andlincosamides
13	Theoretical	Antibiotics
	Practice	Quinolones, nitrofurans, imidazoles and rifamicins
14	Theoretical	Antibiotics
	Practice	Sulphonamides and other antibiotics
15	Theoretical	Discussion
	Practice	Generally assessment
16	Final Exam	Final

Workload Calculation					
Activity	Quantity	Preparation Duration		Total Workload	
Lecture - Theory	14	2	2	56	
Assignment	7	2	1	21	
Seminar	3	3	2	15	
Individual Work	8	3	1	32	
Midterm Examination	1	10	2	12	
Final Examination	1	10	2	12	
Total Workload (Hours)					
[Total Workload (Hours) / 25*] = ECTS					
*25 hour workload is accepted as 1 ECTS					

Learning Outcomes

- 1 Presentation of chemotherapeutics
- 2 Tolearnthesources of chemotherapeuticsandtoexaminetheinvolvingproblems as well as to be warnedabouttheirusages.
- 3 To examine the general specification of antibiotics
- 4 To acquire the general antibioticus age and probleme solving
- 5 Comparative learning of general antibiotic classes

Programme Outcomes (Veterinary Pharmacology and Toxicology Master's Without Thesis)

- to be able to comprehend expert knowledge on field of pharmacology and toxicology in veterinary medicine
- 2 to be able to define expert knowledge on interdisciplinary interaction in pharmacology and toxicology
- to be able to formulate ideas to solve complex problems using theoretical and practical information gained throughout the pharmacology and toxicology education
- to be able to integrate and interpret information in the area of pharmacology and toxicology with information in different fields and, if the need arises, provides scientific information and solutions to solve problems.
- 5 to be able to develop and use strategies in his/her field of expertise in Master's Program of Pharmacology and Toxicolog
- 6 to be able to comprehend methods of obtained and submitted scientific knowledge
- to be able to analyse current information related to his/her field of expertise (scientific information, procedures etc.) and use them when necessary.
- 8 to be able to apply technological tools in social relationships of vocational and professional environment
- 9 to be able to review, evaluate and interpret any data (field observations, available scientific information etc.) towards a specific purpose.
- to be able to comprehend expert knowledge on the function and basic pharmacological features of pharmacology and subbranches of science, relationship between the drug and poison, pharmacokinetic, effects of the drugs, the dose-intensity and dose-effect relationship.
- to be able to identify expert knowledge on the function and basic toxicological features of poison, classifications and types of poisoning, toxicokinetic, general principles of treatment of poisoning
- 12 to be able to define and use laboratory equipment in a pharmacology and toxicology laboratory.

Contribution of Learning Outcomes to Programme Outcomes 1: Very Low, 2:Low, 3: Medium, 4: High, 5: Very High

	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5
P1	3	3	5	4	5
P2	3	3	3	3	3
P3	4	4	4	4	4
P5	3	3	3	4	4
P6	5	5	5	5	5
P7	3	3	4	4	4



P9	3	3	4	4	4
P10	3	5	5	5	5
P11	2	2	5	2	2

